

Fair tonight and tomorrow.  
Moderate temperature.

# The Washington Times

THE PAPER THAT GOES HOME WITH THE HOMEGOERS

NUMBER 4062.

WASHINGTON, TUESDAY EVENING, JULY 25, 1905.

PRICE ONE CENT.

## BARON KOMURA AND MR. TAKAHIRA IN CONFERENCE

Japan's Chief Peace Plenipotentiary in New York.

## WILL KEEP MOUTH SHUT

Will Not Use English Language Until Peace Is Concluded.

NEW YORK, July 25.—Baron Jutaro Komura, minister of foreign affairs and chief peace plenipotentiary of Japan, arrived in New York at 9:45 o'clock this morning, and within half an hour was in conference with Kogoro Takahira, Japanese minister at Washington and second peace plenipotentiary, at the Waldorf Astoria.

They will prepare plans for meeting the President and go over the peace plans that will be considered at Portsmouth. Baron Komura will probably remain in New York for about five days. He was somewhat exhausted by his tiring trip from Japan, which was made in seventeen days.

The Japanese commissioners' party consists of H. W. Dennison, of the Japanese foreign office; A. Saito, director of the bureau of information; Y. Yamazaki, chief of the political bureau of the foreign ministry; Colonel Tachibana, the new military attaché at Washington; Komura's private secretary, Kotoh Konishi, private secretary to the foreign ministry, and S. Ishiguro and Y. Ueda, assistant secretaries.

Greeted by Countrymen.

Baron Komura and his party reached Jersey City at 8:45 o'clock on the Pennsylvania limited, and as the baron alighted from the train he was greeted by prominent Japanese merchants, who advanced singly and, doffing their hats, made low bows, the baron responding in kind. The baron headed the procession and marched aboard the ferry boat at St. Louis, where they took a seat in the upper cabin.

Consul General Uchida, of New York, boarded the train at North Philadelphia, the officials of the road giving permission to have the train stopped.

Needs a Rest.

On the trip up the river Mr. Saito, who acts as spokesman for the party, said:

"We have no statement to make, nor have we any program at present. Baron Komura will see Mr. Takahira and prepare plans for our stay here. President Roosevelt is at Oyster Bay, and it will not be necessary for us to go to Washington. We will await the pleasure of the President."

"We need rest after our strenuous trip, which was a hard one. We made the journey in seventeen days, and the longest stop was at New York. In St. Paul, I will Baron Komura consent to say anything regarding peace plans," was asked.

Nothing to Say.

"Baron Komura has nothing to say," replied Mr. Saito. "He will keep his mouth shut."

Mr. Dennison, who is an American, but has spent thirty years in Japan, and is legal adviser to the peace delegation, said that Baron Komura had made no statements and had given no interviews since his departure from Japan.

"Does the baron speak English?" was asked by a reporter.

"Baron Komura was educated at Harvard, but you won't hear him speak any English until after the peace negotiations have been concluded," replied Mr. Dennison.

At the Ferry.

A hundred or more Japanese were gathered at the Twenty-third street ferry house to greet Baron Komura as he stepped from the boat, and many pressed forward and made sweeping bows while a six-piece Italian band, hired for the occasion, struggled earnestly, if not successfully, with the Japanese national air.

The baron and his party took carriages and were driven at once to the Waldorf, where Baron Komura and Mr. Dennison were accompanied by valets. The baggage of the party consisted of eighty pieces, sixty of which were in suitcases and documents needed at the conference and

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## THE WEATHER REPORT.

An area of high pressure continues to occupy the Missouri and Mississippi valleys and the upper lake region; and an area of low pressure covers the Atlantic region. Pressure is also low over the St. Lawrence valley and the middle Atlantic States.

Rain has fallen in the last twenty-four hours in the Gulf, south and middle Atlantic States. There have been scattered showers in the northern Rocky mountain region, western Iowa, and north-eastern Kansas.

The temperature is generally below the seasonal average east of the Rocky mountains.

Fair weather is indicated for tonight and Wednesday, except in the east Gulf and south Atlantic States, where showery conditions will continue.

Moderate temperatures will prevail in all districts.

TEMPERATURE.

9 a. m. 70  
12 noon 72  
1 p. m. 73

DOWNTOWN TEMPERATURE.

(Registered at Fitch's Standard Thermometer.)

9 a. m. 70  
12 noon 72  
1 p. m. 73

SUN.

Sun sets today 7:18  
Sun rises tomorrow 4:55

TIDE TABLE.

High tide today 2:25 p. m.  
Low tide today 8:06 p. m.  
High tide tomorrow 3:00 a. m., 3:16 p. m.  
Low tide tomorrow 9:50 a. m., 9:56 p. m.

## GRAND JURY TOLD WHAT TO DO IN COTTON SCANDAL

Judge Wright Startles Court by Giving Instructions.

## PROCEEDING IS UNUSUAL

Suggests That Reluctant Witnesses Are to Be Called.

The investigation of the scandal in connection with the leak in the Government cotton report was resumed today by the grand jury, at the City Hall.

At the suggestion of District Attorney Beach, who is prosecuting the inquiry, the grand jury was this morning instructed by Justice Wright as to its duty and authority in the premises.

The proceeding is considered extraordinary. It is the first time in the recollection of persons who have been about the City Hall for years that a grand jury has received special instructions from the court on the eve of beginning an investigation.

Unwilling Witnesses.

The nature of the instructions given the grand jury suggests the presence or expected presence of reluctant witnesses who are to be haled before that body to testify.

Justice Wright informed the jury that it is within the authority of any of its members to ask any witness who may appear before it any question they may deem advisable in the search for information relative to the subject-matter of the inquiry. In the event of any witness refusing to answer any question propounded by any member of the jury, or of attempting to evade answer, it was the duty of the grand jury to report the matter immediately to the court. Justice Wright said, and steps will be taken to compel the witness to comply.

After receiving the instructions of the court the jury retired to the consultation room and continued the investigation.

Delegation Sees Wilson.

The delegation of Southern cotton manufacturers had a lengthy conference with Secretary Wilson, Assistant Secretary Hays and some members of the statistical board yesterday afternoon at the Department of Agriculture.

As was stated in The Times of yesterday, the delegation asked for the conference in order that the cotton manufacturers would be officially informed as to what to expect in the future in the line of cotton crop reports.

R. M. Miller, president of the association, when leaving the department expressed entire satisfaction with the results obtained, and said he was sure the department would act to the best interests of all concerned in the matter of compiling and issuing further reports.

May Revise Cotton Acreage.

At the department the following bulletin was given out immediately after the delegation departed:

"The Department of Agriculture has determined that the statistical board shall meet Wednesday, July 26, to consider whether a revision of the June cotton acreage should be made from existing data or from a new inspection, and to make public their findings or estimate at 12 o'clock on that date, or the earliest convenient date thereafter."

The members of the Cotton Manufacturers Association who conferred with Secretary Wilson left for their respective homes last night.

Revised Cotton Figures Promised Tomorrow

Assistant Secretary of Agriculture Hays made the following announcement today:

"A revised estimate of acreage planted to cotton this year, as compared with that planted last year, will probably be made and given to the public at 12 o'clock noon, tomorrow, July 26."

Van Riper and Judd Agree to Testify

NEW YORK, July 25.—William M. Judd, who was in Washington yesterday afternoon, to go before the grand jury in the cotton cases. He was formerly a clerk for L. C. Van Riper, and the man who wrote to Secretary Chestnut, of the Southern Cotton Growers' Association, the letter which started the whole scandal, left some time later in the day.

It is believed Frederick A. Peckham has consented to go before the grand jury. At the Imperial Hotel it was stated that Mrs. Peckham, who has been living there, has gone to Chicago to meet her husband, and will probably return with him in a day or two. They have not been living together for a considerable time.

There is much mystery about their relation to the leaks in cotton exchange circles. It is expected that the investigation will prove that two distinct leaks of crop information were given simultaneously, one from Holmes through Haas to a large firm of dealers here, the other from a woman in the department here.

It is known that President Hubbard and Superintendent King of the Cotton Exchange, have been helping Beach and Chestnut in the efforts to run down the facts and induce people to testify.

The fact that Van Riper and Judd and probably Peckham, have agreed to talk indicates that the grand jury inquiry will be a success.

New sensations are expected to develop showing that the leak system has been much more extensive than commonly understood. Brokers and cotton merchants declare the leak scandals have done immense injury to the American cotton business abroad by destroying the confidence of manufacturers in the reliability and solidity of the American market.

## THE STRENUOUS LIFE AT THE ANACOSTIA BRIDGE

STRAIGHT TALK FROM THE CONDUCTOR

## CONDUCTOR I WANT MY TICKET BACK

SOME WANTED THEIR FARES RETURNED

THE CONDUCTOR COUNTS HIS PASSENGERS

SWEDISH CABINET RESIGNS OFFICE

Riksdag Rejected Bill For Separation of Kingdom

SUGGESTIONS OF COMMITTEE

Recommendations Razing of Fortifications on Southern Frontiers of Sweden and Norway.

STOCKHOLM, Sweden, July 25.—The members of the Swedish cabinet handed their resignations to the king today.

This action of the cabinet followed the receipt of the report of the special committee of the riksdag, to which the bill proposed by the ministry providing for the separation of Sweden and Norway had been referred.

The report stated that the bill in its present form is not acceptable.

Concession to Norway.

The committee suggests that Norway should be allowed to make the request for the dissolution of the union through a specially elected assembly, or national parliament, and argues that this course be followed.

The committee also recommends that 10,000 kroners be set apart for the use of the Swedish government for any eventualities which may arise.

Razing Southern Defenses.

Another important recommendation made by the committee of the riksdag is that all the fortifications on the southern frontiers of both Sweden and Norway should be razed.

Conditions of Dissolution.

Among the other recommendations made by the committee in case the union is dissolved are:

The right of pasturing reindeer belonging to Swedish Laplanders in north Norway shall be guaranteed; transit trade to both countries shall be secured against unjustifiable obstructions; the status of Sweden in regard to foreign powers, as established by treaty, shall be clearly defined so that Sweden shall be freed from responsibility for Norway to other states.

Firmness Advised.

The committee also suggests that an arbitration convention between Norway and Sweden would be desirable although not essential, in regard to eventual negotiations with Norway the committee says:

"Whatever may be demanded for the welfare and dignity of Sweden as a condition of the repeal of the act of union on the part of Sweden and of the recognition of Norway must be claimed and adhered to with rigor and determination."

CORONER NEVITT WILL HOLD INQUEST

Coroner Nevitt this morning stated that he would hold an inquest at the morgue over the body of Mrs. Samuel Price Williams' child as soon as she was able to attend.

Dr. Edward Leon, who was arrested by Detectives Helan and McNamara yesterday afternoon on a charge of performing a criminal operation on the young woman, who lived at 100 Second street northwest, was released on \$2,000 bond. He will be given a hearing in the Police Court after the inquest is held.

Hours on the Curb.

The passengers all got off the car and stood on the curb watching for an hour or more. The cars ran regularly and without unnecessary delay after the seventy-two blockaders disembarked.

Everyone seemed pleased at hearing

(Continued on Third Page.)

TAFT AND HIS PARTY ARRIVE IN YOKOHAMA

(Special Copyright Cable.)

YOKOHAMA, July 25.—Miss Alice Roosevelt, Secretary of War Taft, and the party of distinguished Americans, arrived here on the steamer Manchuria this morning on route for the Philippines.

Great preparations are making for their reception when they stop in Japan.

Take the Family Tomorrow to Chesapeake Beach, the coolest summer resort near Washington. See railroad schedule. —Adv.

## BENNINGTON IS AGAIN AFLOAT

Captain Drake Reports Success of Efforts.

## AWAITS ARRIVAL OF IRIS

Thorough Examination Today of Outside Hull—All Bodies Recovered and Accounted For.

The gunboat Bennington has been floated and is tied to the wharf at San Diego, according to a report received at the Navy Department today from Capt. F. J. Drake, who was sent from Mare Island to take charge of the vessel after the explosion which resulted in the loss of so many lives.

Captain Drake's dispatch follows: "Floated Bennington at 6:30 alongside wharf. Will examine outside hull when Iris arrives. Thorough examination tomorrow."

The dispatch was filed last night. Earlier in the evening Captain Drake sent the following:

"Can keep all water out of ship. Examination for floating under way. Breaking out stores and wreckage. Waiting arrival Iris with diving outfit to examine outside hull."

"All bodies recovered. All accounted for. Pushing work. Hope float soon. Evans, constructor, just arrived."

"DRAKE."

Beginning with the first car out of the barn this morning, all the cars on the Eleventh street line made a continuous trip from the northern terminus to the Anacostia.

Stops were made at the plow pit long enough for the pitman to remove the underground trolley and for the conductor to put up the overhead trolleys. There was no changing of cars, however, or rushing and crowding.

This means that the citizens of Anacostia and Congress Heights have won their fight against the Anacostia and Potomac railway officials.

Citizens of Congress Heights put forty-eight youths, both white and colored, on a car on Sunday night and made it impossible for the motorman to cross the bridge under the penalty of being fined.

Blockade Begun.

Last night, as car 216, running between Anacostia and the Washington end of the bridge, shifted off from the south to the north-bound tracks about 8 o'clock, seventy-two men and boys, led by Edgar G. Leapey, a dairyman, jumped on it. Some sat down, some stood on the front and rear platforms, others swung on to the handles on the sides and stood on the running board.

Traffic on the line was blocked from 8 o'clock until 9:30 o'clock. Then a representative of the company forced his way through the crowd that had collected around the car to check the blockaders.

He informed the passengers, as well as all others present, that the company had decided to run all the cars across the Anacostia bridge on the regular schedule, and intended doing away with the system of changing cars at the foot of Eleventh street southeast.

Three raucous cheers rang through the air. The passengers who had snuck the car shouted again and again and tossed their hats into the air. There was much hubbub at the announcement.

"Better not be too joyful. That might just be a hour to see you off, the car so they can continue running."

Others said:

"The company had better live up to their word. If they don't we'll tar and feather that man who told us that the cars would be run all the way through."

Hours on the Curb.

The passengers all got off the car and stood on the curb watching for an hour or more. The cars ran regularly and without unnecessary delay after the seventy-two blockaders disembarked.

Everyone seemed pleased at hearing

(Continued on Third Page.)

## THEY WILL WALK AS PUNISHMENT

Mounted Policemen Penalized for Escapade.

## WORK A-FOOT IN FUTURE

Major Sylvester Has Issued the Edict. Men Complain That Fines Were Too Heavy.

Major Sylvester stated today that Bicycle Policemen Klendienst and William Farquhar, and Mounted Policemen Brenzel, of the Seventh precinct, all of whom are said to have figured in the disturbance in Retallata's saloon, on East Fayette street, Baltimore, on Saturday afternoon, would be dismissed before many days have passed. He said he had not determined what would be done to the foot patrolmen other than the preferring of charges against them before the trial board.

The charges Major Sylvester intends preferring against the policemen are being prepared by clerks of Chief Clerk Arthur Kemp's office, at headquarters, and will be served on the alleged offenders within a few days.

It was stated at Police Headquarters that Klendienst, who escaped from a Baltimore sergeant while on the way to the Central station, was holding out for requisition papers. He refused to go to Baltimore yesterday afternoon with the Monumental City policeman who came to Washington to set him. Klendienst had a conference with Captain Boardman and the two lawyers he had retained as counsel, and later he announced that he would remain in Washington until requisition papers were gotten out for him. When he goes to Baltimore it is believed he will demand a jury trial and furnish bond for his appearance when wanted. It was stated that Klendienst would make a hard fight in the case because it appears from the testimony before Justice Grannan, in Baltimore, that he played no part in the assault made upon the keeper of the saloon.

With a view to making an effort to get back some of the \$300 they paid in Baltimore, the Washington policemen have engaged two lawyers to go to Baltimore and appeal the case to a higher court. It is contended by the policemen that they were not given an impartial trial, and that the offense was not severe enough to warrant the imposition of such heavy penalty. It is believed that the case was greatly exaggerated because of the fact that the participants in the fight were Washington policemen.

TURKISH TROOPS MARCH ON REBEL'S STRONGHOLD

(Special Copyright Cable.)

ADEN, July 25.—The Turkish regulars, under Ahmed Fezi Pasha, are marching on Sanaa, capital of the rebellious province of Yemen, having again beaten the rebels.

ALLEGED EMBEZZLER, F. P. KELLOGG, ARRESTED

Frank P. Kellogg, wanted in this city to answer a charge of embezzlement, has been apprehended in Wilkesbarre, Pa., according to a dispatch received by Major Sylvester at Police Headquarters last night.

Detective William Tyser left for Wilkesbarre immediately upon receipt of the message and will appear as a witness before a United States marshal in that city prior to his return to this city with the prisoner.

Kellogg is alleged to have embezzled from R. W. Crounse \$74 he had collected from customers of the merchant and failed to account for.

A warrant was sworn out for his arrest on July 3. When an attempt was made to serve it Kellogg was found to have left the city.

Everybody Buys in Carload Lots Now through Libbey & Co., 6th & N. Y.—Adv.

## KAISER WILLIAM COUNSELS CZAR TO MAKE PEACE

Authorized Statement From Berlin Foreign Office

## A DIPLOMATIST'S VIEW

German Ruler Playing Strong Game to Save Country From Political Isolation.

BERLIN, July 25.—The foreign office here authorizes the statement that at the conference between Kaiser William and Emperor Nicholas on Sunday night and yesterday, Emperor William advised the Czar to conclude peace with Japan.

London Still Speculating.

LONDON, July 25.—Speculation continues here as to the purpose of the conference between Kaiser William and the Czar. In diplomatic circles the opinion is held that the two rulers discussed not only the war and the internal situation in Russia, but that the strengthening of Russo-German friendship was also considered.

One diplomatist said today to the correspondent of the Publishers' Press:

Playing a Shrewd Game.

"There is no doubt that the Kaiser is playing a strong game to save Germany from isolation in Europe. He is working on the great admiration which the Czar has for him to advise the Czar on certain courses of action in the expectation that if his advice proves of advantage to Russia the Kaiser will owe a debt of gratitude to the Hohenzollerns on which Germany can draw at some future time."

"The rest of Europe, which does not desire to see the Kaiser become so powerful, is hopeful that the Kaiser's advice to the Czar is of a reactionary nature, and if he follows it, the Kaiser will find himself in greater difficulties than exist at present. In that event the advice he has given will react against the Kaiser."

Russia Guesses Right On Nature of Meeting

(Special Copyright Cable.)

ST. PETERSBURG, July 25.—The Czar has returned from his conference with Kaiser Wilhelm, and while it has been impossible to gain any accurate information as to the nature of their conversation, there is a general consensus of opinion among those in best position to learn the facts, that the Kaiser urged the Russian monarch to make peace with Japan on the best terms obtainable, and devote the entire strength of his government to straightening out the internal affairs of his empire.

It is believed largely as a result of this conference that radical reforms will be made in army and navy administration, along lines which will be suggested by German war leaders. It is also believed that other governmental departments will be overhauled and remodeled so as to get better results.

The fear is expressed that so far as any concessions to the people, which involve the autocratic power of the Czar, are concerned, hope for a time may be abandoned.

Official Account.

The official version of the meeting is thus given:

"At 10 o'clock on Sunday evening, the German Imperial yacht Hohenzollern dropped anchor near the Polar Star."

Emperor William, accompanied by Prince Albert, of Schleswig-Holstein, and attended by his suite, was rowed to the Polar Star.

"His majesty was received at the head of the ladder by the Czar and Grand Duke Michael Alexandrovitch. Cordial greetings having been exchanged, the Swedish review, the guard of honor and the yacht's crew. The two suites were then presented, after which their majesties retired to the deck saloon."

Had Long Consultation.

"At 11 p. m., the Czar and grand duke accompanied the Kaiser aboard the Hohenzollern, whence the former returned to the Polar Star at 12:30 a. m."

It is known that the two monarchs were long in private conference.

DRANK POISON BECAUSE SHE WAS DEPENDENT

Dependence, caused by troubles which she refused to disclose, prompted Mrs. J. B. Roy, thirty-two years old, living at 801 Twelfth street northwest, to attempt suicide yesterday afternoon by drinking the contents of a bottle which contained poison. The exact nature of the poison has not been learned by the physicians at the hospital other than that it contained mercury.

Mrs. Roy is in a most improved condition today and is expected to be fully recovered in a short time.

ASSAULTED BY AN UNKNOWN COLORED MAN

Assaulted by an unknown colored man near the corner of Ninth and M streets northwest this morning about 1 o'clock Isaac Blackwell, colored, twenty-two years old, of 2236 Twelfth street northwest, sustained cuts on his hands and arms which necessitated his removal to the Homeopathic Hospital in an ambulance.

Blackwell was not thought to be seriously injured when examined at the hospital and after having his hurts dressed he returned to his home.

NEW GUAYAQUIL RAILWAY.

GUAYAQUIL, Ecuador, July 25.—The Guayaquil-Quito Railroad Company has inaugurated a line to Rio Bamba, capital of the province of Chimborazo, 8,000 feet above the level of the sea and 160 miles from Guayaquil.